



THE  
**NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.**

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1887.

*Land taken for a Road in Otaki Road District, Provincial District of Wellington.*

(L.S.) Wm. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the lands mentioned in the Schedule hereto are required to be taken, under "The Public Works Act, 1882," and its amendments, for a certain work, to wit, the construction of a road in Otaki Road District, Provincial District of Wellington:

And whereas the Otaki Road Board has laid before the Governor the memorial, accompanied by a map, and also the statutory declaration, required by the said Act and the amendments thereof:

Now, therefore, I, William Francis Drummond Jervois, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities in me vested by "The Public Works Act, 1882," and of every other power and authority in anywise enabling me in that behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare that, from and after the date of the publication hereof in the *New Zealand Gazette*, the lands mentioned in the Schedule hereto are hereby taken for the purposes of the construction of the said road.

SCHEDULE.

The several parcels of land mentioned in list hereunder:—

Approximate Area of each of the Parcels of Land required to be taken.	Situated in Block No.	Situated in the Survey District of
A. R. P. 2 2 11	III., Huritini	Waitohu.
18 1 7	III., VI., VII., Manawatu-Kukutauaki No. 4c	Waitohu.
5 3 32	VII., Manawatu-Kukutauaki No. 4b	Waitohu.
10 2 7	III., VI., Manawatu-Kukutauaki No. 4d	Waitohu.

All in the Provincial District of Wellington; as the said parcels of land are more particularly delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 14830, deposited in the office of the Minister for Public Works, at Wellington, in the Provincial District of Wellington, and thereon coloured red, blue, and orange.

Given under the hand of His Excellency Sir William Francis Drummond Jervois, Lieutenant-General

in Her Majesty's Army, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this seventeenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

EDWARD RICHARDSON,  
Minister for Public Works.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

*Licensing Charles Effeys to use and occupy a Part of the Foreshore at New Brighton.*

Wm. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-third day of August, 1887.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by "The Harbours Act Amendment Act, 1883" (hereinafter called "the said Act"), it is, among other things, enacted that, where the foreshore has been legally vested in any Harbour Board or other local governing body, it may from time to time, subject to the provisions of the one hundred and fifty-sixth section of "The Harbours Act, 1878," license and permit any part of the foreshore to be used or occupied, *inter alia*, for the erection of baths and bathhouses, and any enclosure or fence necessary for the protection or privacy of the same: And whereas by the said Act it is also provided that every licensee shall, subject to the provisions of the said Act, have power to make and construct any necessary reclamation for the purpose of erecting on the foreshore comprised in his license, or upon any land below low-water mark immediately contiguous to such foreshore which shall be specified in such license, any building, structure, erection, or other works to enable him to obtain the full benefit of such license: And whereas by the said Act it is further provided that every such license shall be in writing under the seal of the Board or body granting the same, and may be for any period not exceeding fourteen years from the date thereof, and may prescribe a sum of money to be payable either at stated periods or on or before the granting thereof for the use of the foreshore so granted, and may prescribe any other

**ERRATUM.**—In *New Zealand Gazette* No. 33, of 26th May, 1887, page 689, under "Appointments to General List of Medical Officers," Surgeon Thomas Cahill; for "date of commission, 19th December, 1884," read "date of commission, 19th December, 1886."

terms or conditions, general or particular, to be observed or performed by the person to whom the same is granted: And whereas by the said Act it is also enacted that, in any case where there is no Harbour Board, or no Harbour Board empowered to grant any such license as aforesaid, the Governor in Council may in his discretion grant and issue a license for all or any of the purposes hereinbefore mentioned, and all the provisions of the said Act in respect of such licenses shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply accordingly: And whereas, there being no Harbour Board empowered to grant the license hereinafter mentioned, Charles Effey, of Christchurch, Upholsterer, has applied to the Governor in Council for a license under the said Act to occupy a part of the foreshore and the land below low-water mark immediately contiguous to such foreshore, at New Brighton, in the Provincial District of Canterbury, in order to construct and maintain thereon bathing-machines and bathhouses, and, in accordance with the one hundred and fifty-sixth section of "The Harbours Act, 1878," has deposited a plan in the office of the Marine Department, at Wellington (marked M.D. 1351), showing the place where it is intended to construct such bathing-machines and bathhouses, and the area of foreshore or land below low-water mark intended to be occupied for such purpose: And whereas it has been made to appear to the Governor in Council that the proposed works will not be or tend to the injury of navigation; and the said plan has, prior to the making of this Order in Council, been approved by the Governor in Council: And whereas it is expedient that a license should be granted and issued to the said Charles Effey under the said Act, for the purpose aforesaid, on the terms and conditions hereinafter expressed:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby approve of the purpose or object for which the said license is required by the said Charles Effey as aforesaid; and in further pursuance and exercise of the said power and authorities, and with the like advice and consent as aforesaid, doth hereby license and permit the said Charles Effey to use and occupy that part of the foreshore and of the land below low-water mark immediately contiguous thereto which is particularly shown and delineated on the plan so deposited as aforesaid, for the purpose of constructing or erecting thereon bathing-machines and bathhouses, such license to be held and enjoyed by the said Charles Effey upon and subject to the following terms and conditions, that is to say,—

1. The concessions and privileges conferred by this Order in Council shall extend and apply only to the parts of the foreshore and of the land below low-water mark required for the bathing-machines and bathhouses, and any enclosure or fence necessary for the protection or privacy of the same, as shown on the plan marked M.D. 1351, and deposited in the office of the Marine Department as aforesaid.
2. In consideration of the concessions and privileges granted by this Order in Council, the said Charles Effey shall, on being supplied with a copy thereof, pay to the Minister the sum of five pounds, and thereafter an annual sum of five pounds, to be paid on the thirty-first day of August in each year during the subsistence of the license hereby granted, the first of such payments to be made on the thirty-first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.
3. The rights, powers, and privileges conferred by or under this Order in Council shall continue in force for fourteen years, computed from the date of this Order in Council, unless in the meantime such rights, powers, and privileges shall be altered, modified, or revoked by competent authority; and the said Charles Effey shall not assign, charge, or part with any such right, power, or privilege without the previous written consent of the Minister first obtained.
4. The said Charles Effey shall, during the subsistence of this Order in Council, provide and maintain proper and sufficient bathing-machines and bathhouse or houses, with all such necessary appliances and conveniences thereto as will enable the public to use and enjoy the same and all other advantages hereby conferred in respect of the use and occupation of the foreshore and land below low-water mark, at such charge and under such regulations for the decent and orderly use thereof as the said Charles Effey may from time to time in that behalf direct.
5. A legible written or printed copy of the scale of charges and regulations affecting the use of the bathing-machines and bathhouses and advantages as aforesaid shall be put up and maintained by the said Charles Effey in every such bathhouse and bathing-machine.
6. The said rights, powers, and privileges may be at any time resumed and the license hereby granted revoked by the Governor, and the said Charles Effey may be required to remove the bathing-machines, bathhouses, and any piles or other erections used in connection therewith, from the fore-

shore at his own cost, without payment of any compensation whatever, on giving to the said Charles Effey three calendar months' previous notice in writing. Notice of such resumption and revocation or otherwise under this condition shall be sufficient if given by the Minister, and delivered at or posted to the last known address of the said Charles Effey, in Christchurch.

7. In case the said Charles Effey shall—

- (1.) Commit or suffer a breach of the terms or conditions hereinbefore set forth, or any of them;
- (2.) Cease to use or occupy the said bathing-machines and bathhouses, or cease to provide and maintain bathing-machines and bathhouses for bathing purposes;
- (3.) Fail to pay the sums specified in clause two of these conditions;
- (4.) Become bankrupt or be in any manner brought under the operation of any Act for the time being in force relating to bankruptcy, or
- (5.) Shall die during the subsistence of the license hereby granted,

then and in any of the said cases this Order in Council and every license, right, power, or privilege may be revoked and determined by the Governor in Council without any notice to the said Charles Effey or other proceeding whatsoever; and publication in the *New Zealand Gazette* of an Order in Council containing such revocation shall be sufficient notice to the said Charles Effey, and to all persons concerned or interested, that this Order in Council and the license, rights, and privileges thereby granted and conferred have been revoked and determined; and upon such revocation the Minister may cause the said bathing-machines, bathhouses, and any piles or other erections used in connection therewith, to be removed, and may recover the cost incurred by any such removal from the said Charles Effey, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns.

8. In these conditions the term "Minister" means the Minister having charge of the Marine Department, as defined by "The Shipping and Seamen's Act, 1877," and includes any officer, person, or authority acting by or under the direction of such Minister.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Notifying that the Dunedin Chamber of Commerce may be registered as a Limited Company without the Addition of the Word "Limited."*

Wm. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-third day of August, 1887.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

IN exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities vested in him by "The Companies Act, 1882," His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, acting with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby direct that the association about to be formed under the said Act as a limited company, under the name of the "Dunedin Chamber of Commerce," may, on application for that purpose, be registered with limited liability without the addition of the word "Limited" to its name.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Native Land proposed to be taken on the Opaki Section of the Wellington-Napier Railway.*

Wm. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this fourteenth day of June, 1887.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the land mentioned in the Schedule hereto is required to be taken for a public work authorised to be constructed by the Government, to wit, the Opaki Section of the Wellington-Napier Railway: And whereas the said land is held or occupied by Native owners:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in him by "The Public Works Act, 1882," and the amendments thereof, and of all other powers in anywise enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency Sir William Francis Drummond Jervois, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby order that the Government work known as the Opaki Section of the Wellington-Napier Railway shall and may be constructed on or through the parcel of land more particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

THE parcel of land mentioned hereunder:—

Approximate Area of the Parcel of Land required to be taken.	Being Section or Portion of Section No.	Situated in Block No.	Situated in the Survey District of
A. R. P. 8 2 8	60	IX.	Kopuaranga.

In the Provincial District of Wellington; as the same is more particularly delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 14762, deposited in the office of the Minister for Public Works, at Wellington, in the Provincial District of Wellington, and thereon coloured red.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Native Land proposed to be taken at Petone for Wellington-Napier Railway.

WM. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this ninth day of August, 1887.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the land mentioned in the Schedule hereto is required to be taken for a public work authorised to be constructed by the Government, to wit, the Wellington-Napier Railway:

And whereas the said land is held or occupied by Native owners:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in him by "The Public Works Act, 1882," and the amendments thereof, and of all other powers in anywise enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency Sir William Francis Drummond Jervois, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby order that the Government work known as the Wellington-Napier Railway shall and may be constructed on or through the parcels of land more particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

THE several parcels of land mentioned in list hereunder:—

Approximate Area of each of the Parcels of Land required to be taken.	Being Portion of Section No.	Situated in Block No.	Situated in the Survey District of
A. R. P. 0 1 21	Portion of Sub-division 10 of Section 3	XIII.	Belmont.
0 2 38.5	Portion of Sub-division 10 of Section 3	XIII.	Belmont.
1 1 8.2	Portion of Sub-division 9 of Sections 2 and 3	XIII.	Belmont.

All in the Provincial District of Wellington; as the said parcels of land are more particularly delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 14839, deposited in the office of the Minister for Public Works at Wellington, in the Provincial District of Wellington, and thereon coloured green.

FORSTER GORING,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Returning Officer for Wallace appointed.

WM. F. DRUMMOND JERVOIS,  
Governor.

WHEREAS by "The Regulation of Elections Act, 1881," it is enacted that the Governor may appoint such Returning Officers, clerks, and other officers as may be required to carry the provisions of the said Act into execution, and that every person so appointed shall hold office during the Governor's pleasure:

Now, therefore, I, William Francis Drummond Jervois, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, do hereby appoint

JOHN ROBERT MILLS, Esquire,  
to be the Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Wallace, in the place of Peter Grant, Esquire.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

P. A. BUCKLEY.

Public Vaccinator, Hororata District, appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 17th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

ROBERT HOADLEY, Esq., M.R.C.S.E.,  
to be a Public Vaccinator, under "The Public Health Act, 1876," for the District of Hororata.

P. A. BUCKLEY.

Member of Licensing Committee appointed.

Department of Justice,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

ANDREW SMALL  
to be a Member of the Licensing Committee for the District of Oreti, vice J. W. Bradmore, resigned.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(In the absence of the Minister of Justice.)

Appointment of Trustee for the Queenstown Racecourse.

General Crown Lands Office,  
Wellington, 24th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

EDWARD MONSON, Esq.,  
to be a Trustee for the Queenstown Racecourse, in the place of Louis De Beer, deceased.

J. BALLANCE,  
Minister of Lands.

Assessor under the Resident Magistrates Act appointed.

Native Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HOANI TAPIHA TE WANIKAU,  
of Kaikoura, to be an Assessor for the purposes of "The Resident Magistrates Act, 1867," "The Native Circuit Courts Act, 1858," and "The Native Circuit Courts Act Amendment Act, 1862," within the Resident Magistrates District of Kaikoura.

J. BALLANCE.

Harbourmaster and Pilot for Port of Russell appointed.

Marine Department,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

GEORGE CHARLES BEST  
to be Harbourmaster and Pilot for the Port of Russell.  
P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(For the Minister having charge of the Marine Department.)

Officer to command Lake District appointed.

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 13th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Captain WILLIAM JENKINS,

Arrow Rifle Volunteers, to be Major in the New Zealand Volunteer Force, and to the command of the Lake Volunteer District.

J. BALLANCE.

*Officers appointed to the General Medical List.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the appointment of the under-mentioned to the General List of Medical Officers:—

Honorary Surgeon PETER MACINTYRE,  
C Battery of Artillery, to be Surgeon-Major from the 6th April, 1887.

Honorary Surgeon HARRY ARCHIBALD DE LAUTOUR  
to be Surgeon-Major from the 27th July, 1887.

J. BALLANCE.

*Officer to command Cadet Battalion appointed.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the under-mentioned appointment and promotion:—

*Queen's Battalion Rifle Cadet Volunteers.*

Captain Urban Vigors Richards from the Christchurch Rifle Volunteers to be Major from the 8th July, 1887, and to command the battalion.

J. BALLANCE.

*Volunteer Officers promoted and appointed.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the under-mentioned promotions and appointments:—

*Port Chalmers Naval Artillery Volunteers.*

George Scott Murray McDermid to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 9th July, 1886.

*Wairoa Light Horse Cavalry Volunteers.*

George Howie to be Captain. Date of commission, 22nd October, 1886.

*Heretaunga Light Horse Cavalry Volunteers.*

David Brown Howden to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 1st February, 1887.

*1st Battalion, Canterbury Rifle Volunteers.*

Captain and Adjutant Frederick Wyatt Frances to be Major. Date of commission, 8th July, 1887.

*Wellington City Rifle Volunteers.*

Alfred Clarke to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 14th February, 1887.

*Thames Rifle Rangers.*

The Reverend Frank George Evans to be Honorary Chaplain. Date of commission, 2nd June, 1887.

*Wanganui City Rifle Volunteers.*

Lieutenant George Flyger to be Captain. Date of commission, 29th July, 1887.

*Wellington Guards.*

Robert Chisenhall Hamerton to be Captain. Date of commission, 11th March, 1887.

Charles Daines Mackintosh to be Lieutenant. Date of commission, 5th May, 1887.

J. BALLANCE.

*Volunteer Officer transferred.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 21st August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the transfer of

Lieutenant THOMAS ALFRED BUSHE BAILEY,  
from the Timaru High School Cadet Volunteers to the Wellington City Rifle Volunteers.

J. BALLANCE.

*Volunteer Corps posted to Battalions.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 13th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to post the under-mentioned corps to the battalions specified:—

Auckland Royal Irish Rifle Volunteers to the 3rd Battalion Auckland Rifle Volunteers.

Blenheim City Rifle Volunteers to the Nelson and Westland Battalion Rifle Volunteers.

Brunnerton Rifle Volunteers to the Nelson and Westland Battalion Rifle Volunteers.

J. BALLANCE.

*Head-quarters of Volunteer Battalion transferred.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 15th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Mosgiel to be the head-quarters of the 2nd Battalion of the Otago Rifle Volunteers, under clause 40 of "The Defence Act, 1886."

J. BALLANCE.

*Battery posted to New Zealand Regiment of Artillery Volunteers.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 19th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the M, or Queenstown, Battery of Artillery being posted to the New Zealand Regiment of Artillery Volunteers, and forming portion of the 2nd (South Island) Brigade.

J. BALLANCE.

*Cadet Battalion formed.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to form the under-mentioned cadet corps into a battalion under the designation of the Queen's Battalion Rifle Cadet Volunteers:—

Christ's College Rifle Cadet Volunteers.

Hyde School Rifle Cadet Volunteers.

Kaiapoi Rifle Cadet Volunteers.

Queen's Rifle Cadet Volunteers No. 1.

Queen's Rifle Cadet Volunteers No. 2.

Queen's Rifle Cadet Volunteers No. 3.

Queen's Rifle Cadet Volunteers No. 4.

J. BALLANCE.

*Application for Registration of a Trade Mark.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD WATERS, Patent Agent, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, has applied, on behalf of JAMES SERVICE and COMPANY, of No. 119, Collins Street West, in the City of Melbourne and Colony of Victoria, Merchants, to register, under "The Trade Marks Act, 1866," the trade mark of which the following is a description, viz.:—

*Description of Trade Mark.*

A label intended to be used as a wrapper for packages of tea. It is divided into four oblong compartments and two circular compartments, the former forming the front, back, and sides of the package, and the latter being on the top and bottom of the package respectively. The first of the oblong compartments shows the interior of a Chinese house, with a mandarin in the act of drinking a cup of tea just handed to him by an attendant. At the bottom of the compartment are the words, "Now, boy, another cup of 'Tiger' Blend." The second compartment contains the representation of a tiger between diagonal parallel lines, the words "The celebrated Tiger Blend" being above the upper of these lines, and the words "Packed expressly in Foo Chow, China," being beneath the lower of these lines. The third compartment shows the interior of a Chinese house, with two Chinese women, one seated at a table in the act of sorting tea, and the other standing by the table, holding a tray of tea in her hands. In the upper portion of the compartment are the words, "Ye Tiger Chop Tea Hong." The fourth compartment contains the representation of two Chinamen seated, the one on the left holding the stem of a leaf, which forms an arch over him: on the leaf are Chinese characters. The Chinaman on the right holds a tablet bearing the word "Tiger," the letters being placed one under the other. Beneath the figures are the words, "What for you so brave man my drinkee 'Tiger' Chop." Each of the circular compartments contains the representation of one side of a Chinese coin, surrounded by a circular band bearing the words "Tiger Blend."

*Nature of the Article to which it is intended such Trade Mark shall apply.*

Tea.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
Colonial Secretary and Registrar of Trade Marks.

*Application for Registration of a Trade Mark.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD WATERS, Patent Agent, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, has applied, on behalf of THE DUBLIN WHISKY DISTILLERY COMPANY, LIMITED, of Jones Road, Dublin, Ireland, to register, under "The Trade Marks Act, 1866," the trade mark of which the following is a description, viz. :—

*Description of Trade Mark.*

The representation of a pot still, in the lower portion of which appears the following: "D.W.D. Whisky;" and in the upper portion, "The finest whisky in the world." Around the still is the name of the applicant company, and beneath it a ribbon bearing the words "Trade Mark" and sheaves of barley.

*Nature of the Article to which it is intended such Trade Mark shall apply.*

Whisky.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
Colonial Secretary and Registrar of Trade Marks.

*Application for Registration of Three Trade Marks.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD WATERS, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Patent Agent, has applied, on behalf of SMITH AND WELLSTOOD, of 11, Dixon Street, Glasgow, in the County of Lanark, North Britain, Stove and Range Manufacturers and Ironfounders, to register, under "The Trade Marks Act, 1866," the trade marks numbered from 1 to 3, of which the following is a description, viz. :—

*Description of Trade Marks.*

- No. 1 is the word "Mistress."
- No. 2 is the word "Aidress."
- No. 3 is the word "Fortress."

*Nature of the Articles to which it is intended such Trade Marks shall apply.*

Stoves (cooking and warming purposes).

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
Colonial Secretary and Registrar of Trade Marks.

*Amended Application for Registration of a Trade Mark.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD WATERS, Patent Agent, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, has applied, on behalf of JOSEPH RODGERS AND SONS, LIMITED, 6, Norfolk Street, Sheffield, Yorkshire, England, Cutlery Manufacturers, to register under "The Trade Marks Act, 1866," the trade mark of which the following is a description, viz. :—

*Description of Trade Mark.*

The device of a diamond-shaped outline, about the centre of the space enclosed by which are the devices of a six-pointed star and a Maltese cross beside each other, and having the words "Rodgers' Original" above and the words "& genuine cutlery" below.

*Nature of the Articles to which it is intended such Trade Mark shall apply.*

Unwrought and partly-wrought metals used in manufacture, including steel; instruments, apparatus, and contrivances for surgical or curative purposes, or in relation to health; knives, razors, scissors, and cutlery in general, including edge tools and all other articles having a cutting edge; and goods of precious metals, including aluminium, nickel, Britannia metal, &c., and imitations of the same, and jewellery, including also Sheffield and other plated goods and silver plate.

The right is claimed to vary the word "cutlery" on such label by substituting therefor the name of any other article in respect of which the said trade mark is now sought to be registered.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
Colonial Secretary and Registrar of Trade Marks.

*Application for Registration of a Trade Mark.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 24th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that THOMAS COTTLE, of Cust, Christchurch, in the Colony of New Zealand, has

applied to register under "The Trade Marks Act, 1866," the trade mark of which the following is a description, viz. :—

*Description of Trade Mark.*

Three old-English-type letter "C" enclosed in a circle.

*Nature of the Articles to which it is intended such Trade Mark shall apply.*

A remedy called the "Colonial Cure," and other remedies prepared by the applicant.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
Colonial Secretary and Registrar of Trade Marks.

*Letters of Naturalisation issued.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 23rd August, 1887.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to issue Letters of Naturalisation, under "The Aliens Act, 1880," in favour of the under-mentioned persons:—

Name.	Occupation.	Residence.
Adolph Kristofer Aanenson	Settler	Morrison's Bush, Greytown.
Claude Louis Guerin..	Miner	Ross.
Adam Werner ..	Engineer	Doyleston, Christchurch.
Larry Henry Neilson ..	Labourer	Brancepeth, Masterton.
Wah Yeong ..	Merchant	Dunedin.
Knut Robert Oberg ..	Carpenter	Makirikiri, Wanganui.
Frederic Engebretsen	Tailor	Napier.
Charles Balle ..	Farmer	Napier.
Andrew Karlsen ..	Labourer	Marton.
Gerard Boeddinghaus	Tobacconist	Wellington.
Otto Hansen ..	Brewer	Hastings.
Edward Francis Calon	Professor of Music	Napier.
Ferdinand Nickel ..	Settler	Whakamara, Hawera.
Frederic Oscar Olsen..	Labourer	Napier.
Jorgen Hans Christensen	Miner	Ross, Hokitika.
Bernhard Yuul ..	Seaman	Westport.
George Ebert ..	Hotelkeeper	Te Aroha.
Joseph Beri ..	Cabinetmaker	Temuka.
Arthur Ernst Hans Alexander von Keisenberg	Teacher of Music	Masterton.
Thorwald Waldamar Petersen	Mariner	Westport.
Charles Frederick Lichtwark	Horse-trainer	Normanby.
Leonhard Kopp ..	Slater	Napier.
Carl Moeller ..	Cabinetmaker	Masterton.
Thomas Andresen ..	Contractor	Kiwitea.
Edward Charels ..	Contractor	Kiwitea.
John Pawolka ..	Brewer	Kiwitea.
Peter Madsen ..	Farmer	Omata, New Plymouth.
Bernt Berg ..	Tanner	Mangaone, near Eketahuna.
Joseph Cyril Methody Polaschek	Compositor	Arowhenua, Temuka.
Carl Schultz ..	Farmer	New Plymouth.
August Krebs ..	Tailor	Lyttelton.
Emil Peter Everson ..	Sawyer	Napier.
George Schumacher ..	Farmer	Midhurst, Inglewood.
Waldemar Schierning	Restaurant-keeper	Napier.
George Gruppelaar ..	Labourer	Oamaru.
Isaac Isaacson ..	Carpenter	Cobden, Grey-mouth.
Tim Key ..	Cook	Westport.
John Baptis Fournec	Labourer	Featherston.
Andreas Nielsen ..	Labourer	Norsewood.
Freidrich Blayus ..	Labourer	Port Ahuriri, Napier.
Jens Christian Holgerson	Agent	Marton.
Niels Bollerslev ..	Miner	Boatman's.
Leon Nelkin ..	Commercial Traveller	Dunedin.
Emil Ferdinand Julius Dugend	Storekeeper	Coromandel.
Hans Nicolai Hansen	Tailor	Napier.
Niels Jensen ..	Tailor	Napier.

P. A. BUCKLEY.

*Result of Poll for proposed Loan, Eyreton Road District, County of Ashley.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

THE following notice, received from the Chairman of the Eyreton Road Board, is published in accordance with "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1886."

P. A. BUCKLEY.

RESULT of Poll for Proposal to borrow £1,000 under "The Loans to Local Bodies Act, 1886," and "Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1886," viz., £500 for the Construction of Protective Works along the North Bank of the Waimakariri, and £500 for Cleaning out the North Branch of the Waimakariri from the Rangiora Main Drain to the Eyre Reserve.

I, RICHARD EVANS, Chairman of the Eyreton Road Board, do hereby notify that the result of the poll taken on the 17th August was as follows:—

Number of ratepayers entitled to vote, 249; number who voted, 60; number who did not vote, 189.

Number of votes that could be exercised, 490; number polled for the proposal, 32; number polled against the proposal, 88; number not recorded, 310; majority of votes against the proposal, 56.

I therefore declare the proposal to be lost.

RICHARD EVANS,  
Chairman, Eyreton Road Board.

Ohoka, 18th August, 1887.

*Special Order made by the Le Bon's Bay Road Board, County of Akaroa.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

THE following special order, made by the Le Bon's Bay Road Board, is published in accordance with "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

P. A. BUCKLEY.

**SPECIAL ORDER.**

THAT, for the purposes of securing interest and sinking fund (if any) upon a loan of £1,500, to be borrowed by the Le Bon's Bay Road Board under the provisions of "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act, 1886," for defraying the expenses of constructing a road to Le Bon's Wharf, and extending same, an annual recurring special rate of three-eighths of a penny in the pound be made and levied on all rateable property in that portion of Le Bon's Bay Road District described hereunder, exclusive of Crown and Native lands:—

Commencing on the chain reserved above high-water mark, at the south-east corner of Rural Section No. 18787; thence north-westerly by the eastern boundary of that section to the Le Bon's and Laverock's Ridge Road; thence by the southern side of that road, through Sections Nos. 22620, 29681, and 32423, to the Summit Road; thence southerly by the east side of that road to the south-west corner of Section No. 26067; thence easterly along the road forming the boundary between the Le Bon's Bay Road District and the Akaroa and Wainui District, to the chain reserved above high-water mark at Section No. 18028; and thence northerly by that reserve to the starting point: And it is further resolved that the revenue of wharfage-dues derived therefrom be given as part security for said loan. Such special rate to be an annual recurring rate for the period of twenty-six years, and that the first year's interest be paid out of loan. The rate to be made payable, in one sum, on the 31st day of May in each year.

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of a special order duly made by the Le Bon's Bay Road Board, at a special meeting held on the 6th July, 1887.

JAMES DALGLISH,  
Chairman.  
Le Bon's Road Board Office,  
6th August, 1887.

*Revocation of Appointment of Bonding Warehouse for Manufacturing of Perfumery.*

CUSTOMS.—In exercise of the authority in me for this purpose vested, I, the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, do, by this order under my hand, revoke and annul the appointment of the under-mentioned warehouse for the manufacture therein of perfumery and other articles of which spirit forms a necessary ingredient:—

*Port of Dunedin.*

The premises known as

NEIL'S PERFUMERY BOND,

as appointed and described by Commissioner's Order No. 240, of 23rd March, 1886.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(For the Commissioner of Trade and Customs.)  
Commissioner's Order No. 273.]

*Approving and Appointing a Bonding Warehouse for the Manufacturing of Perfumery, &c.*

CUSTOMS.—In exercise of the powers in me for this purpose vested by "The Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882," I, the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, do hereby approve and appoint the under-mentioned premises to be a warehouse or place of security for the manufacture therein of perfumery and other articles in which spirit is a necessary ingredient:—

*Port of Dunedin.*

A brick building, roofed with iron, in George Street, on Section 71, Block XX., City of Dunedin, being part of the premises of James Neil, Herbalist, to be known as

NEIL'S PERFUMERY BOND.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this nineteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(For the Commissioner of Trade and Customs.)  
Commissioner's Order No. 274.]

*Special Rules under "The Regulation of Coal Mines Act, 1886," for the Westport Company's, Brunner Company's, and Tyneside Company's Collieries, Westport and Grey Districts.*

Mines Department,  
Wellington, 19th August, 1887.

THE under-mentioned special rules for the Westport Company's, Brunner Company's, and Tyneside Company's Collieries, Westport and Grey Districts, is published in accordance with the provisions of section 30 of "The Regulation of Coal Mines Act, 1886."

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(For the Minister of Mines.)

**SPECIAL RULES.**

*Manager.*

1. The mine, and all the operative details of the management thereof, shall be under the control and daily supervision of the manager, whose duty it shall be to carry out, and see carried out, the various provisions of any Act for the time being in force for the regulation of mines, so far as incumbent upon him or those acting under his control or direction, and to see that the mine is properly ventilated, and that sufficient materials and appliances are always provided for the proper carrying out of all necessary operations. He shall be responsible for the appointment of a sufficient number of competent persons to carry out the requirements of the Act and the special rules, and also to see that the working of the mine is carried on with all reasonable provisions for the safety of the persons employed.

2. The manager shall take all reasonable means for carrying out the requirements of the Act and special rules, by publishing and, to the best of his power, enforcing them.

3. The manager shall see that an adequate amount of ventilation is constantly produced in the mine, to dilute and render harmless noxious gases to such an extent that the working-places of the shafts, levels, stables, and workings of the mine, and the travelling roads to and from such working-places, shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be in a fit state for working and passing therein.

4. The manager shall see that an ample supply of timber, props, sprags, bricks, lime, sand, ropes, brattice-cloth, and other requisite materials are always on the premises, and the underviewer shall see that the same are distributed, and also report any deficiency.

5. The manager shall see that all the provisions contained in this Act as to the employment of boys and male young persons are strictly enforced.

6. The manager must see that the signals for moving the cages are painted upon a board and placed in a conspicuous position.

*Underviewer.*

7. The manager may appoint one or more underviewers to assist him in the performance of his general and the above special duties, subject, however, to his own general supervision and control.

8. In addition to and without in any way restricting his general duties, the underviewer shall examine all parts of the mine daily, and also all the air-courses of the mine, and all



stoppings and brattices connected with the same, and cause remedies to be provided immediately for all defects that may be found on such examination.

9. The underviewer, whenever practicable, must personally attend to the matters and duties required by the following rules; and the performance and observance of such matters and duties shall not be intrusted to a deputy, except in cases in which the underviewer cannot reasonably perform them, or during his lawful absence. In these cases he may require his deputy or deputies to act for him, and they shall be bound to do and perform all acts, matters, and duties deputed to him or them by the underviewer according to these rules. The authority for deputy to act for underviewer must be in writing.

10. A safety-lamp shall be used in making all such examinations as aforesaid.

11. He shall see that a sufficient quantity of timber for props and other purposes is daily supplied to the workmen, and cause the same to be cut in proper lengths and laid down in the working-places, it being the earnest desire of the company that every proper protection shall be afforded to the lives of the workmen. He shall see that all the roads and tramways throughout the mine are kept in a safe and workable state.

12. He shall give all necessary instructions to the men or boys in the mine respecting their work, and shall see daily that these rules are duly observed.

13. He shall daily make a correct entry of the readings of the barometer and thermometer in the mine register, and shall use additional care with the ventilating apparatus and examination of the works during any unusual indications.

14. The underviewer, under the direction of the manager, shall see that locked safety-lamps are used, and naked lights excluded wheresoever and whensoever danger from fire-damp is apprehended, and shall see that proper caution-boards or signals are placed and maintained for the purpose. He shall also examine the lamps, and shall immediately withdraw any that he may find unsafe. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that the roof and the sides in all working-places are properly secured by the persons working in them, and that the roof and sides of every travelling road be made and kept secure. The underviewer or his deputy shall visit every working-place as often as is practicable during each shift.

15. The underviewer shall not make nor allow any change to be made in the direction of the ventilation of the mine when any person is in the mine beyond the place where such change is proposed; and he shall, where practicable, cause the stables to be ventilated into the return air from the mine.

16. The underviewer or his deputy shall inspect daily the doors in the main air-ways, and see that they are checked or doubled. No door must be propped or fastened back whilst on its hinges. The underviewer must appoint doorkeepers whenever necessary. Doors only used occasionally by the underviewer or his deputy must be kept securely locked, and only opened by properly-authorized persons. All doors must be kept in good repair, and hung so that they will close automatically.

17. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that the air-ways and air-crossings are kept properly opened, and shall travel through the air-ways at least once a week; and shall see that the regulators, tight-stoppings, doors, sheets, brattices, and danger-signals are immediately put where required. He shall see that the ventilating furnaces and other ventilating apparatus are properly attended to. The underviewer or his deputy must remain underground until the day's work is finished, and see that the doors and sheets are closed, and all the men and boys are out of the mine.

18. The underviewer, acting under the direction of the manager, shall see that all places not in actual use are properly fenced across the whole width, so as to prevent persons inadvertently entering the same.

19. The underviewer shall see that all the provisions contained in the Act and in these special rules relating to the use of gunpowder and other explosive substances used in the mine are strictly enforced.

20. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that proper man-holes and signals which are made or provided are kept in good order, according to the provisions of the Act.

21. The underviewer shall withdraw men from working-places which are in any way unsafe, and shall report the same.

*Firemen and Deputies.*

22. The manager shall appoint one or more competent persons to act as firemen or deputies of the mine.

23. In making the examinations provided for by the foregoing rules the fireman shall mark with chalk the day of the month upon the face of each working-place, as 1, 5, 10, 25, or other numbers, as the case may be. He shall pay particular attention to the edges of the goaves and the gate-end lips. He shall be careful to ascertain that every part of the mine and roadways so to be examined are free from fire-damp, choke-damp, or other impurities, and are safe for workmen to enter and work therein; and, in case fire-damp or other impure air shall be discovered in any working-place, road,

or level, the fireman shall, in the first instance, thoroughly clear the same of such impurity if that can be done easily, and shall thereupon report to the miners and other workmen that the same are safe; but, if the impurity cannot be readily or at once cleared out, the miners and workmen shall not be permitted to enter such working-places, roads, or levels until the impure air shall have been, by further appliances, entirely dispelled. He shall prevent miners or other workmen entering the roads or working-places until a report shall have been made that they are safe, and shall see that proper caution-boards are put up when necessary. If no fire-damp, choke-damp, or other impurity shall be discovered or suspected to remain after such inspection, the fireman shall so report to the miners and workmen, and allow them to proceed to work, and shall thereupon without delay enter such report in the mine register.

24. If, from any cause, the operations of the mine shall have been discontinued for an unusual length of time and thereafter resumed, no workman shall be allowed to enter the mine until the manager or fireman shall have first entered and reported on the state of the workings; and in discharging this duty the manager or fireman must proceed with great caution, and shall not go further into the workings than he, from his own experience, shall deem safe; and, in case there are reasonable grounds for apprehending the presence of impure air, he shall return to the mine-mouth and remain there until precautionary measures shall have been applied to restore the proper ventilation of the mine.

25. He shall report to the Manager—

- (a.) Any deficiency in the amount of ventilation;
- (b.) Any violation by workmen of the rule as to entering the mine before inspection;
- (c.) Any use or attempted use of gunpowder or other blasting material without permission;
- (d.) Any damage done to fences, signals, or marks in the mine.
- (e.) Fireman shall fire all shots, unless he has written permission from the manager to depute the duty to another person.

*Roadsmen.*

26. The roadsmen, in their different divisions and shifts, shall daily make careful inspection of the whole drawing-roads and headings from the mine-mouth and throughout the mine, and shall keep the same free of all obstructions, and of the fixed height and width necessary for proper passage and ventilation.

27. They shall repair and remedy all damages and defects in the roads, and shall examine, put, and keep in proper condition all trap-doors and sheets, and shall see and enforce that the same be kept close, and, wherever practicable, shall make and keep all trap-doors self-acting.

28. They shall report daily to the mine manager at the termination of each shift. They shall also report daily to the mine manager any instance of neglect on the part of the miners in not carrying on their coal-faces or walls in accordance with the plan pursued in working the mine, or in not propping up and securing the roof in those parts of the workings under their care.

29. As removing falls from the roofs of drawing-roads and air-courses, repairing defects, and supporting loose strata are within the roadsmen's duties, and as they are charged with the maintenance of all drawing-roads and passages in the mine, they are enjoined to proceed with the greatest caution, both for their own safety and the successful execution of their duties. In their operations they must exercise the greatest care, and are required to prevent all other workmen coming near any defective places, or interfering with them when at work. They are required to undertake no repairs of unusual magnitude or danger without sufficient assistance, and until provided with every necessary material, which will be supplied to them by the company on application to the mine manager.

*Miners and Workmen.*

30. Every workman now or hereafter employed in any of the company's works or workings, whether on surface or underground, shall be subject to these rules, and shall obey the commands or instructions of the manager, or of the underviewer, if any, in charge of the mine or part of the mine in which he is working.

31. Miners and other workmen are expressly forbidden to proceed towards or into their working-places at the commencement of any shift until it shall have been intimated to them by the fireman that the travelling-roads and working-places have been examined and are apparently safe to enter.

32. Till such intimation of apparent safety shall have been made, miners and workmen shall either remain at the pit-head or mouth of the mine, or at some other place assigned to them for the purpose. If no such place shall have been assigned at which to remain, they shall always understand that the pit-head or mine-mouth, whichever it may in their case be, is the proper place at which they are required to wait the requisite intimation.

33. On beginning work at every shift miners and others shall be bound to satisfy themselves concerning the safety of their working-places, independently of such intimation as aforesaid; and they shall thereupon work at their appointed coal-faces or other work continuously, industriously, and without unnecessary intermission while the shift continues; and shall obey the orders applicable to the safe and proper prosecution of the colliery works given them by the mine manager, overman, or other person for the time being placed over them.

34. If while at work, or at any other time, miners shall discover or be informed of the existence of any obstruction in the ventilation, or stagnation or impurity of the air of the mine, accumulation of gas or water, or of the existence of any defects in the walls, roofs, or any other part of the mine, they shall be bound to give instant information to the mine manager, overman, or the person in charge of the mine for the time being, so that these defects may be remedied and danger therefrom averted.

35. Miners are expressly forbidden to go into or improperly near any place throughout the whole mine where danger is known or supposed to exist, except for the purpose of effecting repairs or other necessary work directed by the manager or his overman. They are forbidden to continue working in any part of the coal-face where a sudden outburst of fire-damp shall happen, or where danger from any cause shall apparently threaten, until the same shall have been examined by the manager or overman in charge and reported safe or the impurity obviated.

36. Miners shall, before commencing holing, when the face of coal does not exceed ten feet in width, set at least one sprag, and one additional sprag for every additional five feet or part of five feet, and shall afterwards keep them set during holing. After taking out the sprags or holing-props, if the coal or other mineral will not fall with wedging, or from the effects of the shot, they shall not hole further until they have reset the sprags or holing-props.

37. Every collier shall, under the direction of the under-viewer or his deputy, set a sufficient quantity of props and bars for safely supporting the roof and sides in his working-place. The timber shall be properly set.

38. No collier shall use or allow to be used any gunpowder, except in conformity with the general rules for its use.

39. If from any accident or other cause miners are at any time unable to find a sufficient supply of props when it is unsafe to continue their work without them, they are forbidden to remain at their working-faces; and no workman shall commence or continue to work in any place where he may consider the timber insufficient to support the roof of the mine, or discover any other cause that may render the place unsafe, until such defects have been put right by the person in charge.

#### *Truckers and Drivers.*

40. Truckers and drivers shall not be permitted to approach or to enter the working-places until the miners shall have proceeded to work. Truckers shall carefully convey their loaded trucks to the place of delivery pointed out to them for the reception thereof, and shall place them securely under the supervision of those appointed to take charge.

#### *Miscellaneous Regulations.*

41. As a matter of common safety, miners, truckers, and all other workmen in the mine who shall observe or come to know of any defect in any road, roof, or air-course, or in any stopping or permanent or temporary brattice, or other appliances or work devised for making, maintaining, and promoting effective ventilation of the mine, shall give notice thereof to the manager or overman, or other person in charge, so that the same may be forthwith repaired or rectified.

42. In like manner every miner, trucker, and other workman engaged in the mine who shall observe or come to know of any defect or flaw in the working machinery and gearing used in and about the mine, whereby the efficiency thereof may be impaired, shall be bound to communicate the same as above.

43. No workman shall, on any pretence whatever, be allowed to introduce into the mine any stranger without the sanction of the mine manager.

44. Miners, truckers, and all others in the mine who shall have occasion to pass through any trap-door or sheet shall thereupon closely shut the same, and shall on no account leave it open. On discontinuing work at the end of a shift, care must be taken by every workman closely to shut all trap-doors and sheets, and thereby allow of the proper current of air necessary for ventilation being constantly circulated; and no person shall injure a door or leave it open, break down or interfere with a stopping or a brattice, obstruct or damage an air-course, air-crossing, or air-pipe, or remove a caution-board or danger-signal, or do anything to interfere with the proper working of the mine, without an order from the underviewer or his deputy.

45. All workmen are especially forbidden to throw into,

deposit, or leave coal, wood, stone, rubbish, or materials of any kind in any air-course or road, so as to interfere with or hinder the air passing into and through the mine.

46. All workmen are prohibited from entering or remaining in any place throughout the whole mine where not absolutely required by duty at the time.

47. Miners and all others are prohibited from defacing or removing marks which may be made in any part of the workings in connection with the survey of the mine, or for the guidance of the workmen in their operations. All workers are forbidden to displace, injure, or damage in any way the coal-pillars, props, trucks, rails, or any part of the machinery, gearing, or apparatus.

48. Blasting is strictly prohibited, unless with the express permission of the manager or underviewer.

49. No person shall leave any light in any part of the mine when leaving his work.

50. Shots must be rammed with soft material not likely to strike fire.

51. When a shot has missed fire it shall not be unrammed, but shall be reported to the underviewer or his deputy, and the place shall not be approached without the permission of the underviewer or his deputy.

52. Meetings of miners and other workmen in a body within the workings, or in any of the roads or air-courses of the mine, are strictly prohibited.

53. No person shall be permitted to enter or to continue in or about the mine or works while in a state of intoxication. No intoxicating liquor, on any pretence whatever, except in cases of necessity and with the consent of the manager, shall be taken into the mine.

54. No person shall ride upon any truck without the permission of the manager. No person shall go before any truck on any incline, brow, or slope unless duly authorised. Every person working on any incline, brow, or slope shall secure his truck from getting loose; and before he attempts to take a truck down shall ascertain that he has proper scotches or other means for stopping it on the way when required. He shall not take more than one truck down at a time unless he has the means of holding them, and when on the way he shall keep behind. Where machinery is used he shall not, without hooking or otherwise securing it, place a truck on the plates or rails so that it could run down. The taker-off at the bottom of a steep incline or jig should not be in front of the tub when it is in motion.

55. The furnaceman shall constantly keep clean brisk fires. Ashes shall not be allowed to accumulate upon or under the bars, but when cold they must be removed.

56. The ventilating furnace or apparatus shall not be left either day or night without the orders of the manager. In changing shifts the man in charge of the ventilating apparatus shall not leave his place before the arrival of a substitute. In case of sickness or lawful absence a furnaceman or an engineman must give early and sufficient notice to the manager, so that a substitute may be provided.

57. No person shall use threatening or abusive language towards the manager or other official of the mine.

#### *Rules designed to prevent Accidents from Fire-damp.*

58. *The common but highly dangerous practice among miners, of testing fire-damp escaping from a blower by igniting it with their lamps, is peremptorily forbidden.*

59. The manager may at any time order that work in the mine, or in any particular portion thereof, shall be carried on with safety-lamps only, and in such cases stations will be fixed upon by the manager where the safety-lamps will be examined. From these stations no workman is to take a safety-lamp without it having been examined by the person appointed for that purpose.

60. The manager shall appoint a competent person or persons, who shall examine every safety-lamp immediately before it is taken into the workings for use, and ascertain it to be secure and securely locked; and in any part of a mine in which the safety-lamps are so required to be used they shall not be used until they have been so examined and found secure, and securely locked, and shall not without due authority be unlocked; and in the said part of a mine a person shall not, unless he is appointed for the purpose, have in his possession any key or contrivance for opening the lock of any such safety-lamp, or any lucifer match or apparatus of any kind for striking a light. He shall not allow any unlocked lamp to be in any part of the mine, excepting in a lamp-cabin or other station properly appointed for lighting lamps. He must also see that no safety-lamp gauze is used with less than twenty-eight parallel wires to the inch, or less than 7/84 apertures to the square inch, and that a sufficient number of approved safety-lamps are provided.

61. No person shall try for fire-damp with a naked light, or brush out or baffle gas. (See Rule 74.)

62. Where safety-lamps are used they shall be used with the greatest care. Every person must examine his lamp to see that it is clean and securely locked on taking it from the lamp-keeper.



63. Where safety-lamps are used by colliers they shall be hung on properly-constructed stands, and shall not be placed on the floor, nor within two feet of the swing of the pick.

64. No one shall have in the mine any unlocked safety-lamp in his possession, or a key or any contrivance for opening the same, except properly-authorized persons.

65. No person shall work with his safety-lamp full of fire, or unlock or unscrew the same, or blow out the flame, or light tobacco or other substances at the gauze, or damage or improperly use the lamp.

66. When a person is using a safety-lamp, his putter or trucker must not bring a naked light into the place where a safety-lamp is used.

67. The lamp-keeper must not deliver out a safety-lamp to be used that has less than twenty-eight parallel wires in an inch of the gauze, or which is not furnished with a proper lock and wire-pricker. He must see that each safety-lamp, when given out for use, is in good working order, clean, well-trimmed, and securely locked; must not allow any greasy waste to accumulate in the lamp-cabin; and must inform the underviewer whenever he finds that a safety-lamp has been wilfully or negligently damaged or carelessly used.

68. The manager and underviewer shall have full power to direct the workmen how to use their safety-lamps during the time of working, and every workman shall strictly attend to such directions.

69. Should any workman using a safety-lamp detect by the usual indications the appearance or presence of fire-damp, he is first to pull down the wick with the pricker, or otherwise lower the flame, and then retreat to the lamp-station and give information to the manager, underviewer, or fireman.

70. Workmen are strictly prohibited from continuing to work in a place where such indications have been observed by them, and, should the flame continue in the interior of the lamp after the wick has been drawn down, the lamp must then be cautiously removed, and no attempt made to extinguish the flame by any other means.

71. Every miner, hewer, trucker, or other person whatever in charge of a safety-lamp losing his light is to proceed to the station where the lamps are examined, to have his lamp re-lighted and examined before being again used.

72. It is expressly directed that any person witnessing any improper treatment of the safety-lamps by any one shall give immediate information to the manager in charge of the mine, so that a recurrence of such conduct may be prevented by the offending party being brought to justice.

73. Any person found smoking tobacco in any part of the mine where the safety-lamp is used, or found with a tobacco-pipe in his possession, shall be liable to be taken before a magistrate.

74. In places where safety-lamps are used no person shall use or have in his possession a naked light; and matches shall not be taken into any part of the mine where gas or fire-damp is known to exist, under any pretence whatever.

75. If at any time it is found that the mine or any part thereof, by reason of fire-damp, or any other cause whatever, is dangerous, the manager, underviewer, or fireman, whichever shall first be made aware of the same, shall immediately order all workmen to withdraw from the mine or such part thereof as is so found dangerous; and the manager, underviewer, or fireman shall inspect the same with a safety-lamp, and make a true report of the condition of such mine or part thereof; and workmen shall not, except so far as may be necessary for inquiring into the cause of danger, or for the removal thereof, or for examination, be readmitted into the mine, or such part thereof as may be so found to be dangerous, until the same is reported not to be dangerous. Every such report shall be entered in the mine register, and signed by the person making the same.

76. No officer in a place of trust shall depute another person to do his work without the sanction of his superior; and no person in a place of trust shall absent himself without having previously obtained the permission of his superior officer for his term of absence.

*Underground Workmen and Boys.*

77. During the time of the mine-drawing every person in descending the shaft shall be under the direction of the banksman, and in ascending the shaft shall be under the direction of the onsetter, and no other person than the banksman and onsetter shall give any signal during such time. No person shall get on or off the cage after the signal to go on has been given, nor until it has settled on the props or reached the bottom. No person shall take with him down or up the shaft tools, rails, props, sprags, or other bulky materials, except for repairing the shafts. No person shall get on the cage after the number of persons stated on the board at the pit top and bottom are on. Every workman and boy shall leave the cage immediately when ordered to do so by the banksman or onsetter.

*Banksman and Onsetter.*

78. The head banksman, subject to the manager's or underviewer's directions, shall have full control over the pit-

top and over all persons employed under him. The onsetter, subject to the manager's or underviewer's directions, shall have full control over the pit-bottom and all persons employed there. No person under the age of eighteen years shall have charge of the pit top or bottom.

79. The head banksman or other appointed person shall be at the mine at the appointed time in the morning, and shall provide a sufficient number of lights on the bank; and before the engine is started, and from time to time during the day, he shall see that the pulleys, ropes, cages, chains, and landing doors or frames are in safe working condition; and he shall not allow any person to descend the shaft until he has put the loaded tubs into the cage, and the ropes and loaded cages have been run up and down the shaft, and the ropes, chains, cappings, and cages carefully examined by him. If any weakness or defect is found in anything belonging to the pit-top, or in the engine or machinery, he must not permit any person to descend or ascend until it is made secure. The banksman shall also attend to the proper signals. The head banksman shall not allow any boy under thirteen to work on the bank excepting with an order from the manager.

80. The banksman in charge of the pit-top shall not let a stranger go down the shaft without the authority of the manager. The banksman, when he is informed of danger in the shaft, shall not allow any person to go down unless for the purpose of repairing the shaft. He shall not allow any intoxicated person to descend. He shall himself give the signals, and let no other than appointed persons land the trucks or put them into the cages. He shall listen at the pit-top when any person is in the shaft, and instantly signal the engineman to stop the engine in case of alarm. He shall remain at the pit-top until all the men and boys are drawn out.

81. The banksman or onsetter shall not let a boy under sixteen years of age go down or up the shaft unless accompanied by a man, and shall not permit more than the number of persons stated on the board at the pit top and bottom to descend or ascend at one time. The banksman and onsetter shall not allow a person to go down or up against a loaded cage in the same shaft unless it is bratticeed, and shall not allow any person to take with him rails, props, sprags, tools, trucks, or other bulky materials, or to get on or off the cage until it has settled upon the props or reached the pit-bottom. The banksman shall send all tools down the shaft in a truck, and props, rails, brattice-boards, and other bulky materials shall be tied securely to the cage or rope by the banksman or onsetter when being sent down or up the shaft. If a rope is working in the shaft for underground planes, no person shall ride in the cage whilst this is running unless the rope be cased.

82. The head banksman shall see that the fencing is placed securely round the top of every shaft when it is not at work.

83. The onsetter shall be in the mine at the appointed time in the morning. He shall be at his station to give signals and perform his other duties under these rules, and he shall remain there to see the men and boys all safely into the cage and up the shaft at the close of the day.

84. The onsetter shall report to the underviewer any person that gives a signal or disobeys his directions. He shall remain at the bell-handle and give cautionary signals, if necessary, when any person ascends or descends the shaft. He shall only allow appointed persons to put trucks into or take them out of the cages; and he shall see that the coals or materials do not project over the cage.

85. The onsetter shall see that the water-sump is never unworked when any person is ascending or descending the shaft.

86. The banksman shall keep the cages and pit-top clear.

*Signals.*

87. The banksman and onsetter shall alone give the signals for moving the cages, which are as follows:—

- When the cage is to be raised from the pit-bottom the bell is to be struck . . . . . Once.
- When men are about to ascend . . . . . Three times.
- Which the banksman shall answer before men get on to the cage . . . . . Once.
- When men are about to descend the banksman shall signal . . . . . Three times.
- Which the onsetter shall answer by signalling . . . . . Once.
- When men are ready, the signal to go on . . . . . Once.
- To stop the cage . . . . . Once.
- To lower down the cage . . . . . Twice.
- To raise up after being stopped . . . . . Four times.

The banksman and onsetter shall not allow any person to ride on the cage without the cover, unless by special permission.

*Brakesman on Incline and Engine-planes.*

88. The brakesman shall, during work, see that the machinery, ropes, signals, &c., are in proper working order, and, if he perceive anything wrong, at once report the same to the underviewer or his deputy. He must be cautious in conducting the trucks, and see that they are securely coupled. He shall pay attention to giving and receiving the necessary signals.

89. The underviewer or his deputy shall see that proper stops and blocks are fixed at the top of each incline. No person shall walk on any surface-incline or railway, or ride on any truck or wagon thereon, without permission of the manager; and no person shall walk on any underground incline while the set is in motion.

*Enginewright.*

90. The enginewright or some competent person shall daily inspect the engines, boilers, steam-gauges, water-gauges, feed-pumps, safety-valves, indicators, brakes, drums, ropes, chains, cages, and all other machinery used for the purpose of raising men or materials from the mine, and shall cause the same to be in a state of efficient repair.

91. The enginewright or some competent person appointed must daily examine the state of the shaft by which persons ascend or descend, and the guides and conductors therein, and shall make a written report thereon.

92. The enginewright shall see that the walling and timbering of the pumping-shaft and the pumping apparatus are frequently examined. The fixed and suspended stages, cradles, land-loops, ropes, chains, gin, and capstan shall be examined before being used.

93. The enginewright shall see that competent persons of not less than twenty-one years of age are employed for working the machinery used in lowering and raising persons employed in the mine.

94. The enginewright shall see that the bells and signals required by the Act are fixed and maintained in working order, and that the engineman understands the code of signals.

95. The enginewright shall see that every cage used for the purpose of raising and lowering persons in the shaft shall have a proper covering overhead.

96. The enginewright shall see that all ropes are carefully attached to the drum, and when the cage is at the pit-bottom there must not be less than two rounds of rope on the drum.

97. When a winding-shaft rope requires "capping" or "splicing," it shall be done under the direction of the enginewright or a competent person appointed by the manager.

98. The enginewright shall report any breakage or derangement of machinery to the manager or engineer.

99. The enginewright or some competent person shall see that each boiler is laid off and cleaned when required; he shall make a careful examination of the same and all its connections, and not allow it to work unless in good working order.

100. The enginewright shall see that every fly-wheel, and all exposed and dangerous parts of the machinery, shall be securely fenced.

*Enginemen and Stokers.*

101. Each engineman shall, every morning before commencing work, examine his engine and all the machinery connected therewith, and immediately report any defect to the manager or enginewright.

102. The engineman must run the ropes and loaded cages slowly up and down the pit before any person ascends or descends.

103. No one shall interfere with the engine except the engineman. He shall at all times gently lift the cage from the pit-bottom, and carefully drive the engine, and not leave the handle whilst persons are in the shaft, and shall not allow any person to remain in the enginehouse. He shall pay particular attention to the indicators and signals, and shall stop the engine if any defect is perceived.

104. The engineman shall not leave his work whilst any person is underground, except when he is relieved by the engineman coming on the next shift; and, in case of sickness or lawful absence, he must give early and sufficient notice to the enginewright, so that a substitute may be provided.

105. The engineman shall make himself thoroughly acquainted, and act in accordance, with the signals laid down in these rules.

106. When work is suspended the engineman shall leave the cages in such a position that they do not impede the ventilation, and so as not to leave the pit-top unfenced.

107. Whilst any person is in the shaft the engineman shall drive the engine at a reduced speed.

108. The engineman or stoker shall from time to time during the day examine the fittings of the boilers, and at once report any defects to the manager or enginewright. The stoker shall from time to time examine the water-gauge, safety-valves, and steam-gauges, so as to ascertain the level of the water and pressure of the steam.

109. Any one infringing these special rules will render themselves liable to prosecution, and for the payment of such penalties as provided by the Coal Mines Act.

*Gold-mining Lease cancelled.*

Mines Department,  
Wellington, 17th August, 1887.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to pronounce the under-mentioned gold-mining lease cancelled, and that the ground is now open for application as if no lease of the said ground had ever been applied for:—

John Aspinall; Section 92, Block XI., containing 7 acres 2 roods 27 perches, Skipper's Creek, No. 680c, Otago Mining District.

P. A. BUCKLEY,  
(For Minister of Mines.)

*Bonus for Canned and Cured Fish for Export.*

Treasury Department,  
Wellington, 10th November, 1885.

IT is hereby notified that bonuses under "The Fisheries Encouragement Act, 1885," as set forth in the following sections (Nos. 8, 9, and 10) of that Act, will be paid subject to the conditions named therein, and in the regulations contained in the Order in Council of even date herewith.

JULIUS VOGEL.

8. In order to encourage the production and curing of fish for export, the Colonial Treasurer shall during the next seven years after the passing of this Act, without further appropriation by Parliament, pay out of the Consolidated Fund to any person who shall prepare canned and cured fish for export, and actually export the same from the colony, a bonus or bonuses upon the quantity of canned and cured fish prepared and exported by such person as hereinafter mentioned, that is to say,—

- (1.) In respect of the first 200 tons avoirdupois of fish canned with or without oil, the sum of 1d. per pound, the weight of the cans not to be included in the tonnage upon which such bonus is paid;
- (2.) In respect of every ton avoirdupois of fish canned as aforesaid beyond the first 200 tons, the sum of ½d. per pound, the weight of the cans not to be included in the tonnage upon which such bonus is paid;
- (3.) In respect of cured fish the bonus to be paid shall be respectively ¼d. and ½d. a pound under similar conditions, as far as the same are applicable to those contained in the two last subsections.

9. The total tonnage upon which the Treasurer may grant bonuses as aforesaid under this Act shall not exceed 6,000 tons.

10. Every person intending to apply for the grant of a bonus shall register a special trade-mark under the laws for the time being in force in New Zealand providing for the registration of trade-marks, such trade-mark to be used for all cured and canned fish to be prepared for export by such person, and shall, within six years after the passing of this Act, give notice to the Treasurer of his intention to export canned and cured fish with a view to applying for a bonus, and shall append to such notice a copy of such trade-mark; and all cases, barrels, or cans containing fish cured and canned for export by any such person shall, before exportation, be marked with the trade-mark so registered by him, and no part of any such bonus shall be payable except in respect of cases, barrels, or cans so marked.

*Progress-payments for Exported Fish.*

Department of Trade and Customs,  
Wellington, 24th September, 1886.

WITH reference to the notification in the *New Zealand Gazette* of the 12th November, 1885, respecting the payment of bonuses to persons who prepare canned and cured fish for export under regulations published on the same date, it is hereby notified that progress-payments on account of such bonuses, claimed in accordance with those regulations, will now be made by this department. Claims to be for quantities not less than one ton net weight, and to be sent through the Collector of Customs at the port from which the fish was exported.

JULIUS VOGEL.

*Rewards offered for the Discovery of New Goldfields.—Amended Conditions.*

Mines Department,  
Wellington, 16th March, 1885.

REWARDS are offered for the discovery of new gold-fields, upon the conditions set forth hereunder, payable out of the parliamentary vote of £2,500.

W. J. M. LARNACH,  
Minister of Mines.

AMENDED CONDITIONS.

1. THE maximum sum offered as a reward for any proved discovery of a new goldfield in accordance with these conditions is £500; but, if the total sum claimed as rewards in any one year exceeds the parliamentary vote, the amount available only will be divided equally.

2. The newly-discovered goldfield, if in alluvial ground, must be situated not less than ten miles from the nearest alluvial gold-workings, or, if in quartz, not less than five miles from the nearest existing quartz-mines.

3. No grant will be paid upon any application until it shall have been proved that not less than 20,000 ounces of gold have been extracted from the new goldfield within two years from the registration of the discovery, if in alluvial workings, and, if in quartz-workings, proof of a similar yield from this source within three years from such registration will be required.

4. Any person discovering new gold-workings, and being desirous of obtaining a reward, shall immediately forward a written report of such discovery, with full particulars, to the Warden or Resident Magistrate of the district within which such discovery shall be situated, and the Warden or Resident Magistrate shall forthwith register the report as an application for reward.

5. No prospecting is allowed upon Native land without the approval in writing of the Native Minister, or of some one appointed by him in that behalf.

Prospectors going upon Native land without the consent of the owners are liable to the penalties imposed by the Acts relating to goldfields, and will forfeit all claim to reward.

*Additional Regulation as to Payment of Rewards for Discovery of New Goldfields.*

Mines Department,  
Wellington, 23th June, 1886.

THE following additional regulation for the payment of rewards for the discovery of new goldfields, recommended by the Goldfields Committee on the 22nd June, 1886, having been adopted by the Government, is published for general information.

This regulation applies to the notifications published in the *New Zealand Gazette* of the 19th March and 29th October, 1885, offering rewards for gold discoveries.

W. J. M. LARNACH,  
Minister of Mines.

ADDITIONAL REGULATION.

No claim for a reward for the discovery of gold will be considered by the Goldfields Committee unless such claim be made within one year from the date of the discovery.

*Road Board Elections.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 24th August, 1887.

THE following notices of elections of Members of Road Boards have been received at this office, and are published in accordance with the provisions of "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

G. S. COOPER,  
Under-Secretary.

Northcote Road District, County of Waitemata:

John Johnston.

Alfredton Road District, County of Wairarapa North:

Tiraumea Subdivision—Alexander Napier.

John Smith.

Te Hoe Subdivision—William Macdonald Kebbell.

Reginald Marsh.

Ihuraua Subdivision—Henry Benton.

Tawataia Subdivision—Henry Dunn.

Waimea West Road District, County of Waimea:

Frederick Ford.

Joseph Price.

Christian Schwass.

John Schwass.

Edwin Thomas.

Waipara Road District, County of Ashley:

James Little.

Henry Fear Reece.

Alexander Cowie.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for a Soluble Compound of Silica for coating Timber, Concrete, and for other purposes, to be called "Clare's Compound."

JOHN CLARE, of Richmond Road, Auckland, New Zealand, Analytical Chemist, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Tuesday, the 8th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the fore-

noon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 24th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for better regulating the pressure and supply of Gas and improving the illuminating power thereof, to be called "Clare's Regulator."

JOHN CLARE, of Richmond Road, Auckland, New Zealand, Analytical Chemist, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Tuesday, the 8th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 24th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for a Wind-deflector Attachment to Street Lamps.

THOMAS HAIN HODGE, of Port Chalmers, Otago, New Zealand, Master Mariner, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Tuesday, the 8th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 24th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for Taylor's Improved Fire-escape.

WILLIAM MATTHEW TAYLOR, of Ashburton, New Zealand, Carpenter, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Tuesday, the 8th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 24th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 18th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for Improvements in Machinery for drying and pulverizing certain Materials, such as the waste of Slaughterhouses, Fæcal Matter, &c.

JAMES MCGOVERN, of Sydney, New South Wales, Engineer, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Tuesday, the 17th day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 2nd day of April next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 20th August, 1887.

PATENT for an Invention for the Solway Hurricane Spray-nozzle.

DONALD DONALD, of Solway, Masterton, Wairarapa, New Zealand, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2491.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

**P**ATENT for an Invention for an Improved Fuel, to be called "Duolite."

JOHN CLARE, of Richmond Road, Auckland, New Zealand, Analytical Chemist, and HENRY FELLOWS HORROCKS, of Richmond Road aforesaid, Gentleman, have deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2492.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 22nd August, 1887.

**P**ATENT for an Invention for a Rabbit Exterminator.

HENRY CHAMBERLIN, of Parnell, Auckland, New Zealand, Gentleman, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2493.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 23rd August, 1887.

**P**ATENT for an Invention for "Empire Patent Self-acting Water-flush," for Water-closets, Urinals, and other purposes.

THOMAS BALLINGER, of 17, Willis Street, Wellington, New Zealand, Plumber, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2494.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 23rd August, 1887.

**P**ATENT for an Invention for an Improved Apparatus for Cutting Glass Tubes.

DAVID MITCHELL, of Stafford Street, Wellington, New Zealand, Marine Surveyor, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2495.

*Application for a Patent.*

Patent Office,  
Wellington, 23rd August, 1887.

**P**ATENT for an Invention for the Safe Conveyance of Parcels through the Post, to be called "Service's Patent Parcel Post Box."

WILLIAM SERVICE, of Auckland, New Zealand, Box Manufacturer, has deposited at this office a specification of the said invention; and I have appointed Thursday, the 10th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at this office, to hear the said application and all objections thereto; and I require all persons having an interest in opposing the grant of such Letters Patent to leave, on or before the 26th day of October next, at this office, particulars in writing of their objections to the said application, otherwise they will be precluded from urging the same.

C. J. A. HASELDEN,  
Patent Officer.  
No. 2496.

*Te Makarini Scholarships.*

**T**HREE scholarships of the yearly value of £35, tenable for two years, are offered for competition. One of these scholarships is open to all Maoris that have attended a Native school during the previous year, and are under fifteen years of age at the end of the month preceding the date of the examination; the other two scholarships are open to all Maoris that are under thirteen years of age at the end of the month preceding the date of the examination, and that have attended a Native village school for the previous twelve months. These scholarships are offered for competition to Maori youths, on the conditions laid down in the regulations of the Trustees of the Te Makarini Scholarships Fund, as printed in the Native Schools Code, 1886. The examination will be held at convenient centres on the 19th and 20th December, 1887.

Candidates must, either directly or through their teachers, send notice to the Inspector of Native Schools, Education Department, Wellington, of their intention to present themselves for examination. Such notice must be posted not later than the 31st October next.

Copies of the regulations and forms of notice may be obtained from teachers of Native schools and boarding institutions, the Secretaries to Education Boards, or the Secretary to the Education Department.

JAMES H. POPE,  
Inspector of Native Schools.  
Wellington, 9th August, 1887.

**Crown Lands Notices.**

*Crown Lands for Sale, Wellington Land District.*

Crown Lands Office,  
Wellington, 27th July, 1887.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, in terms of "The Land Act, 1885," that the lands enumerated hereunder will be submitted to public auction, for cash, at this office, on Wednesday, the 7th September, 1887, at 3 p.m., at the upset price per acre stated in the Schedule.

**SCHEDULE.**

Section.	Block.	Survey District.	Area.	Upset Price per Acre.
537	VIII.	Waiohine ..	A. R. P. 220 2 0	£ s. d. 1 0 0
538	"	" ..	299 3 17	1 0 0

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Notice of Intention to cancel the License of a Deferred-payment Selector in the Wellington Land District.*

Crown Lands Office,  
Wellington, 29th July, 1887.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Land Board has resolved to cancel the license to occupy the under-mentioned section unless the arrears of payments are paid to the Receiver of Land Revenue, Wellington, on or before the 13th September next.

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

SCHEDULE.

Section.	Block.	District.	Payments in Arrear.	Selector's Name.
47	X.	Mangaone	£ s. d. 25 4 6	William Lidstone.

*Sale of Land on Deferred Payments, Perpetual Leases, Small-run System, and for Cash.*

Crown Lands Office,  
Wellington, 13th August, 1887.

It is hereby notified that the sections of land as per Schedule hereunder will be offered for sale on deferred payments, perpetual leases, village-settlement small-farm system, the small-run system, and for cash, in terms of "The Land Act, 1885."

Applications for the deferred-payment sections and small-farm allotments will be received on Tuesday, the 20th September, 1887, up to 4.30 p.m. In cases of contested deferred-payment sections, applicants will be informed, in order that they may forward tenders. If personal attendance is not possible, agents should be appointed, in order that tenders may be received before the 28th September.

Contested applications for village-settlement small farms will be decided by lot amongst the applicants, on Wednesday, the 28th September, 1887, at 2.30 p.m.

Tenders for perpetual leases will be received till Wednesday, the 28th September, up to 4.30 p.m.

The cash and the small-run sections will be offered at auction, on Thursday, the 29th September, at 2.30 p.m.

All applications, tenders, &c., must be sent to this office, where the auction will also take place.

Arrangements will be made for showing intending purchasers over the blocks, at given times, by Mr. District Surveyor Alexander Dundas, at Palmerston North, in regard to the Otamakapua Block, and Mr. District Surveyor L. Smith, at Masterton, in regard to the Forty-mile Bush blocks.

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

SCHEDULE.

DEFERRED-PAYMENT LANDS.

Section.	Block.	Survey District.	Area.	Upset Price per Acre.	Total Price.
			A. R. P.		£ s. d.
127	XIII.	Mangaone..	43 0 0	25/	53 15 0
128	"	" ..	111 2 0	22/6	125 8 9
130	"	" ..	56 2 30	25/	70 17 2
131	"	" ..	193 0 0	20/	193 0 0
135	XIV.	" ..	130 2 0	25/	163 2 6
150	X.	" ..	86 0 0	22/6	96 15 0
154	"	" ..	136 0 0	30/	204 0 0
2	VIII.	" ..	149 1 8	22/6	167 19 3
200	XII.	" ..	59 2 0	22/6	66 18 9
203	"	" ..	38 3 24	22/6	*43 15 3
206	"	" ..	231 0 0	22/6	248 12 6
207	"	" ..	210 0 0	22/6	236 5 0
209	"	" ..	210 3 24	22/6	237 5 3
212	"	" ..	281 1 24	22/6	316 11 6
213	"	" ..	229 3 24	22/6	258 12 9
79	IX.	Kopuaranga	40 3 8	25/	51 0 0
81	"	" ..	72 2 25	25/	90 16 4
83	"	" ..	136 3 18	22/6	153 19 5
85	V.	" ..	172 2 32	20/0	172 14 0
86	"	" ..	202 0 19	20/	202 2 5
87	"	" ..	188 3 0	20/	188 15 0
91	"	" ..	129 3 25	27/6	178 12 4
97	"	" ..	126 1 0	27/6	173 11 10
99	"	" ..	317 2 27	27/6	436 16 0
10	X.	Apiti ..	240 1 0	22/6	270 5 8
12	"	" ..	199 0 0	25/	248 15 0
14	"	" ..	151 1 0	25/	189 1 3
15	"	" ..	250 3 0	22/6	282 2 0
16	"	" ..	301 0 0	22/6	338 12 6
21	"	" ..	180 3 0	27/6	248 10 8
23	"	" ..	133 1 0	25/	166 11 3
25	"	" ..	228 0 0	25/	285 0 0
2	IX.	" ..	223 2 0	22/6	251 8 9
3	"	" ..	190 0 0	22/6	213 15 0

\* Weighted with £1 6s. per acre (£50 11s. 5d.) for improvements.

PERPETUAL-LEASE LANDS.

Section.	Block.	Survey District.	Area.	Upset Rental per Acre.
			A. R. P.	
126	XIII.	Mangaone ..	60 0 0	1/3
129	"	" ..	288 3 0	1/
134	X.	" ..	72 0 0	1/
139	XIV.	" ..	105 2 0	1/
140	"	" ..	165 3 0	1/
151	X.	" ..	148 2 0	1/
152	"	" ..	141 0 0	1/
153	"	" ..	295 0 0	1/
1	VIII.	" ..	301 0 0	1/
208	XII.	" ..	210 3 8	1/
210	"	" ..	364 2 0	1/
215	"	" ..	412 0 0	1/
31	XI.	" ..	318 3 24	1/
204	XII.	" ..	50 0 0	1/3
78	IX.	Kopuaranga	118 0 18	1/
80	"	" ..	134 2 37	1/
82	"	" ..	210 3 6	1/
84	V.	" ..	204 1 35	1/
88	"	" ..	325 1 22	1/
90	"	" ..	212 0 0	1/3
98	"	" ..	190 1 3	1/3
100	"	" ..	261 2 32	1/
208	II.	" ..	215 1 8	1/
94	IX.	" ..	25 0 0	1/6
22	X.	Apiti ..	169 3 0	1/
24	"	" ..	187 3 0	1/
1	IX.	" ..	221 0 0	1/
4	"	" ..	247 2 0	1/
5	"	" ..	307 2 0	1/3
4	VI.	" ..	371 2 0	1/
9	X.	" ..	250 2 0	1/
13	"	" ..	172 0 0	1/
17	"	" ..	130 2 0	1/
19	"	" ..	293 3 0	1/

ALFREDTON VILLAGE SETTLEMENT.

*Small-farm Allotments on Deferred Payments.*

Lot.	Area.	Upset Price per Acre.	Total Price.
	A. R. P.		£ s. d.
1	12 0 0	30/	18 0 0
2	6 2 0	30/	9 15 0
3	20 0 0	30/	30 0 0
4	36 0 0	30/	54 0 0
5	8 1 30	30/	12 13 2
6	9 1 0	30/	13 17 6
7	20 0 0	30/	30 0 0
8	27 3 0	30/	41 12 6
9	5 2 0	30/	8 5 0
10	3 3 27	30/	5 17 8

SMALL GRAZING RUNS.

Section.	Block.	Survey District.	Area.	Upset, per Acre.
			A. R. P.	Rental.
132	XIII.	Mangaone..	602 0 0	/6
133	IX.	" ..	634 0 0	/6
145	X.	" ..	483 2 0	/6
1	VI.	Apiti ..	358 0 0	/7½
2	"	" ..	366 0 0	/7½
5	"	" ..	578 0 0	/6
59	VII.	" ..	918 0 0	/6
11	X.	" ..	912 0 0	/6
20	"	" ..	498 0 0	/6
7	IX.	" ..	422 0 0	/7½

CASH LANDS.

			Price.	
125	XIV.	Mangaone..	177 0 0	25/
147	IX.	" ..	39 0 0	30/
148	"	" ..	69 0 0	25/
148, 149	..	{ Hunterville Village Settlement }	4 0 19	£5
150, 151				

*Descriptions of Sections.*

The sections in Blocks VIII., XI., and XII., Mangaone Survey District, are situated near Alfredton, between the Mangaone settlements and the Ihuraua River, and comprise hilly and flat country of fair and good quality, covered generally with light mixed bush, and on some of the Ihuraua flats with manuka. Most of the sections are well watered. Attention is directed to Sections 213 and 215, which include natural clearings.

The small-farm sections comprise portions of the land originally surveyed as the Township of Alfredton; the southern half consists of flats covered with manuka, flax, &c.; the back part is hilly light bush land; the quality of the soil is fair.

The sections in the Apiti District form part of the Otamapua Block, situated north of the Birmingham Association Settlement, between the Kiwitea and Oroua Rivers. The bulk of the area is hilly land of good quality, covered generally with rimu, matai, miro, kahikatea, &c., and usual undergrowth, and is as a rule well watered. The Kimbolton Road has been extended to and passes through the block; the Middle and Bluff Roads have been felled and cleared. The distance from Feilding is about twenty-four miles.

The sections in Blocks IX., X., XIII., and XIV., Mangaone Survey District, are situated between Hastwell's Clearing, the Mangaone Settlements, and Eketahuna, eastward of the Masterton-Woodville Main Road. The Wiwaka section of the Masterton-Woodville Railway intersects the block, and is now under construction, the line having already been opened to Mangamahoe, which is about three miles from the block. The country comprises undulating and rough hills with flats in places; the bush consists generally of rata, rimu, tawa, kahikatea, hinau, tawhero, &c., and the usual variety of undergrowth; the soil varies from fair to good, the formation being sandstone, papa, &c. As a rule, the sections are fairly well watered.

The sections in Blocks I., V., and IX., Kopuaranga Survey District, are situated eastward and back from the Kopuaranga Valley, north of Stuckey's Run; a road to the block is under construction from the railway-line at Dorset's. This area comprises broken and undulating hills with flats in some places; the formation is limestone, papa, &c.; the character of the land is generally good, and the forest consists generally of rata, rimu, kahikatea, matai, with a little totara in parts, and the usual underscrub. This block is conveniently situated to Masterton, which is distant from ten to fifteen miles. The sections, with some exceptions, are fairly well watered.

## CONDITIONS.

*Deferred Payments.—Rural Sections.*

Terms of payment: With the applications for deferred-payment sections one-twentieth of the upset price must be paid in cash, or by bank draft, or marked cheque, also £1 1s. license-fee; the balance of the purchase-money in half-yearly instalments extending over ten years.

Where more applications than one are made on the same day for the same land, the land applied for shall be put up to public competition by tender limited to the applicants. If there be only one tenderer for any allotment he shall be entitled to the land at the upset price, notwithstanding that his tender may have been for a higher price.

*Deferred Payments.—Alfredton Small-farm Settlement.*

The lands shall be subject to the provisions relating to suburban lands of Part III. of "The Land Act, 1885."

No person shall be allowed to acquire more than one allotment.

The prices stated in the Schedule hereto shall be the prices at which the lands shall be open for application.

If there should be more than one application for any allotment the right to occupy the same shall be determined by lot amongst the applicants.

Each applicant for a section will be required to make the declaration prescribed by section 113 of "The Land Act, 1885," and shall at the time of application deposit with the Receiver of Land Revenue for the Wellington Land District one-tenth of the price of the allotment. Such payment shall be deemed to be a discharge of the license-fee for the six months due on the 1st day of January, 1887. The balance of the purchase-money in half-yearly instalments extending over five years.

*Perpetual Lease.*

Any person of seventeen years of age and upwards may become a lessee under this system. In the event of any person tendering for two or more leases the deposit of a sum equal to one half-year's rent of the tender largest in amount shall be sufficient, together with the sum of £1 10s. to pay

for the lease and registration thereof, paid either in cash, marked cheque, or bank draft, made payable to the Receiver of Land Revenue, Wellington: Provided that in the case of a person tendering for two or more leases, such as he may in the aggregate become the lessee of under the Act, namely, in the case where the lands comprised in the several leases adjoin each other, in such case the deposit shall be a half-year's rent at the rate tendered for each such lease, and also the sum of £1 10s. in respect of each such lease, the fee for preparation and registration of same.

Any lessee who has fulfilled all conditions of improvements within six years can acquire the freehold of his lease on payment of the capital value, provided the payment is made within twelve years of the commencement of the lease.

NOTE.—Limits of area for each lessee: No lease shall be made to any person owning, nor shall any person be capable of becoming the lessee under a lease, or a sublessee, who owns, any freehold land, or land held under lease or license under the Crown whereby such person shall become either the owner, tenant, or occupier in the whole, either by himself or jointly with any other person or persons, including the lands comprised in the lease, of a greater area than 640 acres anywhere in the colony.

The numbers of the section and block, with the name of district, must be written on the covers. The letter being on "Public Service only," and addressed to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, need not be stamped, being free of postage; neither does the declaration require to be stamped.

*Small Runs.*

The leases will be for an absolute term of twenty-one years, renewable for a further term of twenty-one years, in terms of section 209 of "The Land Act, 1885."

Improvements equal in value to one year's rent must be effected in each year for the first two years; and before the end of the sixth year an additional amount, equal to two years' rent, must also be expended.

Valuations for permanent improvements, as prescribed in sections 210 and 214 of "The Land Act, 1885," will be paid at the expiry of the leases to the outgoing tenants.

No person can take up more than one run. No person who owns freehold land, or land under lease or license from the Crown which in all would exceed 6,000 acres, or who is incapable of making the declaration prescribed by section 200 of "The Land Act, 1885," can become a lessee.

*Cash.—Rural.*

Terms of Sale: One-fourth of the purchase-money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the balance to the Receiver of Land Revenue at Wellington within two calendar months from date of sale, otherwise the deposit will be forfeited, and the contract for the sale of the land thenceforth will be null and void. Crown-grant fees to be paid on completion of the purchases.

*Auction of Runs, Marlborough.*

Crown Lands Office,  
Blenheim, 18th August, 1887.

THE undermentioned runs will be offered to be let by public auction, at the Survey Office, Blenheim, on Tuesday, the 4th day of October, 1887, at noon:—

SMALL GRAZING RUNS, under Part VII. of "The Land Act, 1885," situate in Pelorus and Kenepuru Sounds.

Survey District.	Locality.	Approximate Area.
Orieri ..	Wilson Bay .. ..	Acres.* 1,000
" ..	North-west Bay .. ..	700
" ..	" .. ..	850
" ..	" .. ..	1,150
" ..	North-west and Piaukahe Bays..	1,000
" ..	Piaukahe Bay .. ..	1,500
" ..	Four-fathom Bay .. ..	350
" ..	" .. ..	1,250
" ..	" .. ..	350
" ..	Grant Bay .. ..	280
" ..	Hopai Bay .. ..	900
Linkwater	Broughton Bay .. ..	850
"	Ohinitaha .. ..	450
Gore ..	Ohuaparuparu Bay .. ..	1,100

\* Subject to modification of boundaries and areas after survey.

Term of leases to be twenty-one years. Upset annual rent, 3d. an acre. One half-year's rent to be deposited with the Receiver of Land Revenue on the fall of the hammer. For



conditions of lease see "Summary of New Zealand Land Laws," page 18, copy of which, and a plan showing the runs, may be seen at the Post-office, Havelock, and at this office.

PASTORAL LICENSE, under Part VI. of "The Land Act, 1885."

Linkwater	Mahakipawa, at the back of Section 71 .. .. .	Acres. 500
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Term—Ten years. Upset annual rent, 1d. an acre. Twelve months' rent and a license-fee of £1 1s. must be paid on the fall of the hammer.

HENRY G. CLARKE,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

**Native Land Court Notices.**

*Sittings of Native Land Court adjourned.*

Native Land Court Office,  
Auckland, 22nd August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that the session of the Native Land Court advertised to be held at Cambridge, Waikato, on the 6th day of September next will not be held on that day, such session having been postponed by the Chief Judge to Tuesday, the 4th day of October next.

EDWD. HAMMOND,  
Registrar.

*Partition of Land under "The Native Land Court Act, 1886."*

Native Land Court Office, Auckland, 17th August, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a sitting of the Native Land Court of New Zealand, to be held at Ohinemuri, in the District of Upper Thames, on the 21st day of September next, will be heard the applications of the person whose name appears in the first column for the partition of the lands the names of which appear in the second column and the boundaries of which are named in the third column.

EDWD. HAMMOND,  
Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

No.	Name of the Person who has applied for Partition.	Names of the Blocks to be partitioned.	Boundaries.
1	The Governor ..	Waokauri .. .. .	On the North-east and East is the Mangakirikiri Stream; on the South, Mangakirikiri No. 4 Block; on the South-west, Mangotahi Block; and on the North-west, survey-lines.
2	The Governor ..	Mangakirikiri No. 3 South	On the North is a part of Mangakirikiri No. 3 Block; on the East is Mangotahi, Owaho, Te Rapaatikiano No. 2, Te Puketutu, Te Ana No. 1 and No. 2 Blocks, and a survey-line; on the South, Waingarō Stream; and on the West, Waikiekie Stream, mission-land, a survey-line, and the Hape South No. 1 Block.
3	The Governor ..	Moehau No. 4 .. .. .	On the North, Torehine and Whareroa Blocks, Wharetana and Unangawha Streams, Huruhuru Block, to the summit of the range; on the East, along the range, that is, the western boundary of Harataunga Block; on the South, Government land (known as Pita's Block), lands granted to Mr. Keven and to Mr. Dacre, Waimai, Kutia, and Raehira Blocks, and on the Gulf of Hauraki, Otupaina; on the West, the Gulf of Hauraki, Te Niho Block, land granted to Mr. W. Houston, Waikiakia Block, and the Gulf of Hauraki again, as far as the southern boundary of Torehine Block, to the starting-point.
4	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 2A .. .. .	On the North-east, a part of Ohinemuri No. 2; on the South-east, Ohinemuri No. 4; on the South-west, another part of Ohinemuri No. 2; and on the North-west, Ohinemuri No. 20.
5	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 3A .. .. .	On the North-east, Mataora Block; on the South-east, Section 1, Block XII., Ohinemuri Survey District; on the South-west, Ohinemuri No. 3 Block; and on the North-west, Ohinemuri No. 20 Block.
6	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 4A .. .. .	On the North-east, Ohinemuri No. 4 Block; on the South-east, Ohinemuri No. 4, Section 1, Block XV., Ohinemuri Survey District, and Ohinemuri No. 4 again; on the South-west, the aforesaid Ohinemuri No. 4; and on the North-west, Ohinemuri Nos. 2 and 3 Blocks.
7	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 7A .. .. .	On the East, a part of Ohinemuri No. 7 Block; on the South, Ohinemuri No. 17; on the West, another part of Ohinemuri No. 7; and on the North-west, Ohinemuri No. 4 Block.
8	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 8A .. .. .	On the North, Ohinemuri No. 4; on the East, the sea; on the South, Ohinemuri Nos. 9A, 12, and 13A; on the East again, Ohinemuri Nos. 13A and 13; and on the South and West sides Ohinemuri No. 8.
9	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 10A .. .. .	On the North-west, the Ohinemuri River; and on other sides, Ohinemuri No. 10 Block.
10	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 11A .. .. .	On the North is Owharoa No. 2 Block; on other sides, Ohinemuri No. 11 Block.
11	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 13A .. .. .	On the West and on the North is Ohinemuri No. 8A; on the East, Ohinemuri No. 12; and on the South, Ohinemuri No. 13 Block.
12	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 16A .. .. .	On the North-east is Ohinemuri No. 16; on the South, Ohinemuri No. 17; on the West, Pukemokemoke Block; and on the North-west, Ohinemuri No. 17 again.
13	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 17A .. .. .	On the North is Ohinemuri No. 8 Block; on the East, Waihi Nos. 1, 2, and 5 Blocks; on the North again is Waihi No. 5; and on the North-east, the sea; on the South-east, a survey-line, the termination of a road, sections Nos. 6 and 5 of Block I., Katikati Survey District, and a survey line; and on the West, Ohinemuri No. 17 Block.
14	The Governor ..	Ohinemuri No. 19A .. .. .	On the North-west, the North-east, and the North-west again is Ohinemuri No. 19 Block; and on the South-east and South-west, Ohinemuri No. 17 Block.
15	The Governor ..	Owharoa No. 2A .. .. .	On the North is Ohinemuri No. 6 Block; on the East, Owharoa No. 2 Block; on the South, Ohinemuri No. 11 Block; on the South-west, the river of Ohinemuri, Paraparekauri Stream, and Owharoa No. 5 Block.
16	The Governor ..	Owharoa No. 5 .. .. .	On the North, Ohinemuri No. 6 Block; on the North-east, Owharoa No. 2A. Block, and Paraparekauri Stream; on the South and on the West, the Ohinemuri River.

Land Transfer Act Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same in each case on or before the 28th day of September, 1887.

JESSE HENRY HOUGHAM.—Lots 17 and 18 of the subdivision of Allotment 90 of the Parish of Waikomiti, containing 35 acres 1 rood 28 perches. In Applicant's occupation. 2651.

GEORGE FREDERICK GIBBS.—Parts of Lots 28, 29, and 34 of the subdivision of part of Allotments 14 and 17 of Section 8 of the Suburbs of Auckland. In Applicant's occupation. 2653.

JESSIE WILSON.—Allotments 312 and 313, Parish of Te Papa, containing 100 acres; also Allotments 146, 148, and 251 of Section 2 of the Town of Tauranga, containing 3 roods. Unoccupied. 2654.

SIR WALTER LAWRY BULLER and WILLIAM BOYCE BULLER.—Part of Allotment 82 of the Parish of Karaka, containing 38 acres and 28 perches. Unoccupied. 2658.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1887, at the Lands Registry Office, Auckland.

THEO. KISSLING,  
District Land Registrar.

554

NOTICE is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one calendar month after the date of the Gazette containing this notice.

6061. MARSHALL NALDER.—1 rood 38 perches, part Rural Section 320, Borough of Kaiapoi. Occupied by Applicant.

6092. FREDERICK JOSEPH FUCHS.—2 roods, Lots 17 and 18, Plan 525, part Rural Section 125, Block XII., Christchurch Survey District. Unoccupied.

6093. BRIDGET BAILEY.—13 perches, part Sections 160 and 161, Town of Lyttelton. Occupied by George Culliford.

6094. THE COLONIAL INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (LIMITED).—9 acres 3 roods, part Rural Section 7642, Block X., Arowhenna Survey District. Occupied by Arthur Hope.

6095. JANE MILNER.—21½ perches, part Town Reserve 71, City of Christchurch. Occupied by Applicant.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1887, at the Lands Registry Office, Christchurch.

J. M. BATHAM,  
District Land Registrar.

556

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land herein after described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 26th day of September, 1887.

1800. ELIZA ANN HUGHES.—51 acres, part of Section 24, Ohariu District. In occupation of George John Best.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1887, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

GEO. B. DAVY,  
District Land Registrar.

559

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land herein after described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 25th day of February, 1888.

1801. LOUIS WALTER HOOD.—23,544 acres, being Block No. 1B of subdivision of Te Awapatiki No. 1 Block, Chatham Islands. In occupation partly of T. and R. Ritchie and partly of Mrs. Jane Brown.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1887, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

GEO. B. DAVY,  
District Land Registrar.

560

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat forbidding the same be lodged at this office within one calendar month from the date of the Gazette containing this notice.

Applicant: WILLIAM OLD the elder, of Lepper Road, Farmer. Area: 52 acres 2 roods. Description: Section 21, Huirangi District. Occupied by Applicant.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1887, at the Lands Registry Office, New Plymouth.

W. STUART,  
District Land Registrar.

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Private Advertisement.

APPLE FARM COMPANY (LIMITED).

NOTICE is hereby given of the following special resolutions passed by the above-named company, at extraordinary general meetings of Shareholders, viz:—

On the 21st July, 1887: "That the Apple Farm Company be wound up voluntarily."

On the 11th August, 1887: "That the resolution passed at the meeting held on the 21st July, 1887, be now confirmed; and Mr. T. LEIGH WHITE be appointed Liquidator."

T. LEIGH WHITE,  
Liquidator.

Auckland, 15th August, 1887.

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THE NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—The subscription is at the rate of 30s. per annum, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. A less period than three months cannot be subscribed for.

Single copies of the Gazette, 6d. each.

Advertisements are charged at the uniform rate of 6d. per line for each insertion.

For half-yearly statements under the Mining Act, the charge will be 23s.

All advertisements should be written on one side of the paper, and signatures, &c., should be written in a legible hand.

The number of insertions required must be written across the face of the advertisement.

Booksellers and Advertising Agents will be allowed a commission at the rate of 5 per cent.

The New Zealand Gazette is published on Thursday evening in each week, and notices for insertion must be received by the Government Printer before two o'clock of the day preceding publication.

Communications should be addressed to the Government Printer, Wellington, to whom post office money orders should be made payable.

Postage or duty stamps cannot in any case be received in payment from any place at which post office orders are issued.

NO ADVERTISEMENT WILL BE INSERTED WITHOUT PREPAYMENT BEING MADE.

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